



Long Stratton Town Council

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CO-OPTION POLICY

1. Background

The process for co-option is only partially prescribed in law but there is best practice advice and guidelines around certain aspects of the process. Items marked in bold are prescribed in law.

2. Scope and purpose

This policy aims to explain the procedure regarding co-option. The information contained in it is to be used by members of the council and members of the public. The aim of the policy is also to show that the council endeavours to treat all applicants fairly and alike, and to ensure that the process is also seen as fair, open and transparent. This policy details the processes to be followed regarding co-option.

3. When a vacancy arises

A co-option vacancy arises when a member of the Council leaves, and the position is formally advertised for 14 days. At the end of this 14-day period if insufficient names have submitted a request to the District / Borough Council to call for an election (this is 10 names) then the Council can fill the vacancy by co-option. (Refer Local Government Act 1972 s86 and 87(2)(b))

3.1 Applications

We aim to encourage applications from anyone in the parish who is eligible to stand. Councillors or parishioners can approach individuals to suggest that they might wish to consider putting their names forward for co-option. Co-option vacancies will be advertised on the website and on the noticeboards and in media releases. The advertisement for the co-option will include:

- a) Method by which applications can be made. This will be in writing to the Clerk
- b) The closing date for written applications.
- c) Contact point for potential candidates to obtain more information – the Clerk
- d) Advice that further information is available electronically via the website - a form to complete which includes a maximum of 100 words asking the candidate why they would like to be a councillor; name; address and other contact details.
- e) Written applications must be received a minimum of 7 days prior to the meeting where co-option is to be discussed.



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- f) When a applicant provides a written application, they are agreeing to sharing their personal details under GDPR with Council members.

1.2 When applications are received, the Clerk will confirm eligibility. Any candidate found to be offering inducements will be disqualified.

The Council is not obliged to co-opt to fill any vacancy. Even if the Council invites applications for co-option, it is not obliged to select anyone from the candidates who apply.

3.2 Attendance following an application

All eligible candidates shall be invited by letter, to attend the next council meeting following the application deadline. They will be asked to confirm their attendance at the meeting. In the event of candidates being unable to attend, this meeting will not be rearranged, however the application will still be considered and will be notified in writing of the outcome. All members receive copies of applications ahead of the meeting. Applications are to be treated as confidential (see 3.1 (e) above). A candidate, on confirming that they will attend the meeting will be sent a copy of the agenda and agenda papers. Co-option will take place at the end of the meeting allowing the candidate to attend and view a full meeting as a member of the public before being accepted as a co-opted member. Arrangements will be made with the co-opted member to sign the Declaration of Office, Code of Conduct and complete the Register of Interest form before the next full council meeting.

4. Commitment

The council is keen that potential candidates understand the commitment which is required from councillors. Anyone interested in standing will be encouraged to, attend a meeting for its entirety as a member of the public, look at the website for more information on the role of being a councillor and will receive an information sheet on the work of the council. Candidates will also be told that they are expected to attend an Induction training event which may be held externally or in the Town.

5. The process of Co-option at the Council meeting

There is an early agenda item at which each candidate will be asked to make a brief verbal presentation on why they would like to be a councillor and the skills they can offer the council. (3 minutes maximum per candidate). All of this, including the voting for the candidate will be in public. Candidates may be asked questions by members. Please note, co-option voting by existing members will take place at the end of the meeting. In the event of a candidate being unable to attend, his / her application will still be considered by members. In the event of a candidate being related to a councillor, then the councillor would be expected to declare an interest and request a dispensation to speak and vote. Candidates may



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be asked to leave the room for existing members to discuss however will be invited back for the vote which must be held in the public domain.

6. Voting

Only councillors present at the meeting may vote. There will be one vote per vacancy to be filled. (Chairman may have a casting vote). **The successful candidate must receive an absolute majority of those present and voting.** (Local Government Act 1972 Sch 12). If there are more than two candidates for one vacancy and no one of them at the first count receives a majority over the aggregate votes given to the rest, steps must be taken to strike off the candidate with the least number of votes and the remainder must then be put to the vote again. The process is to be repeated until an absolute majority is obtained.

7. More than one vacancy

If there is more than one vacancy and the number of candidates equal the number of vacancies, all the vacancies may be filled by a single composite resolution. If the number of candidates exceeds the number of vacancies, each vacancy must be filled by a separate vote or series of votes.

8. Any previous election

The council does not consider claims of candidates who were unsuccessful at previous elections.

9. Starting as a councillor

The successful candidate (s) are asked to start as a councillor immediately after completing their declarations of acceptance of office. **The fact that the new member has not received a summons does not make his / her attendance as a councillor illegal.** (Local Government Act 1972 Sch 12, para 10(3)). Where appropriate they will also be appointed to any Council committee. If an absent candidate is successful, members must agree to him / her signing the declaration of acceptance of office before or at the very start of the next meeting. New councillors will also be made aware of the fact that Interests Forms will need to be completed within 28 days of co-option.

10. Filling a Co-option vacancy

There is no obligation for the Council to co-opt if the council only has 6 months left of its 4-year term.